Graduate Medical Education in the US: Lessons Learned from State Initiatives

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Why Study States?

- Most discussion has been national, our study examines state initiatives
- In absence of substantive federal policy change, states are "policy laboratories" for GME innovation
- We sought to:
 - understand successes and failures of state innovations
 - identify innovative ideas about how to reform GME policy, governance and financing

Methods: Sample

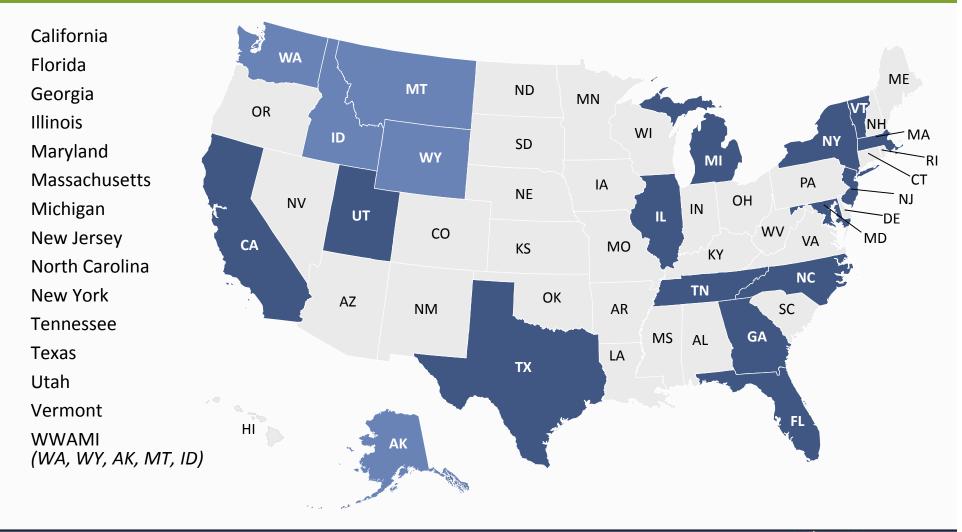
Timeframe:

March 1 and June 28, 2013

- Purposive sampling strategy:
 - 17 states, 45 participants, 2-4 interviews/state.
- States selected for balance of census regions, high/low urban, non-elderly, uninsured, residents per capita and physician per capita
- Snowballing sampling to identify interviewees: deans, assistant deans, GME program directors, physician workforce experts, and stakeholders



States in Our Sample



Methods: Data Analysis

- Questions:
 - data, financing, governance, and accountability
- Literature review of peer reviewed and grey literature
- Qualitative analysis
 - Interview notes sent to interviewees to review/modify
 - Directed content analysis to identify themes, patterns, & relationships
 - Iterative, consensus approach between two investigators

Lesson #1: States More Concerned with Maldistribution than Shortages

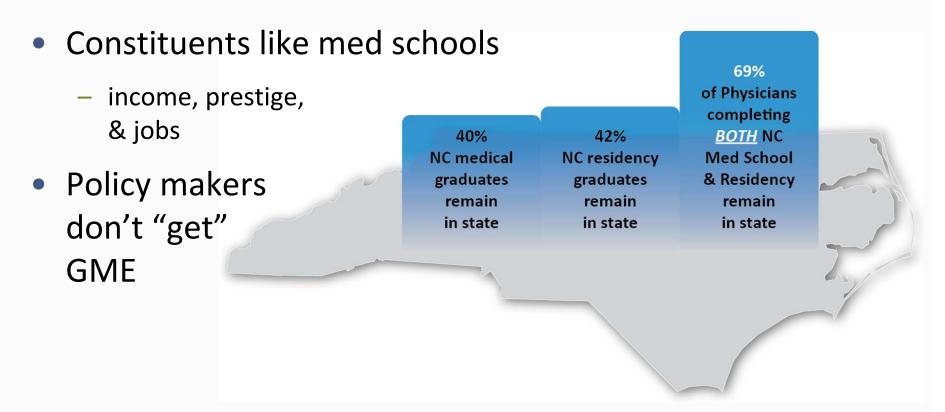
- Concerns about supply of:
 - Primary Care Physicians
 - General Surgeons
 - Psychiatrists
 - Pediatric Subspecialists
- Bigger concern:
 - Maldistribution by geography, specialty and setting

Lesson #2: More and Better Workforce Data Does Not Result in Evidence-Based GME Policy

- Few states have robust data systems to monitor workforce needs
- When they do, evidence generally isn't used to shape GME policy (NC, FL, TX)
- Data used as rationale to open new training programs, not to close programs

Lesson #3: Legislators Would Rather Open New Med Schools than Expand GME

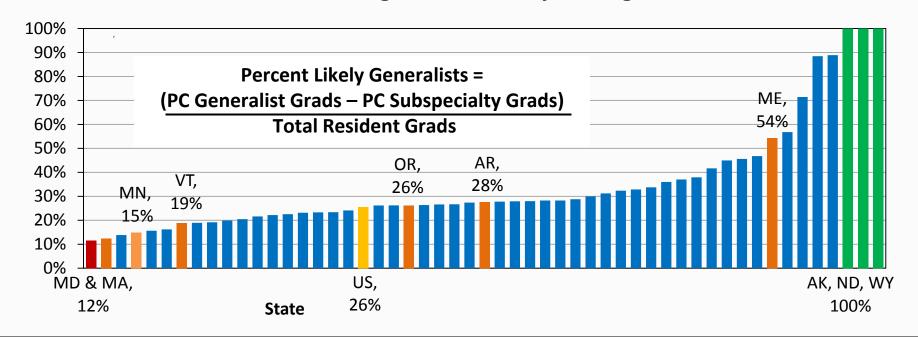
 Perception: US faces shortage and new medical schools are the solution



Lesson #4: It's Complicated

- GME training pathways not well understood
- In most states, pouring more generalists in front end not likely to result in more generalists out back end

Percent of 2011 GME graduates likely to be generalists





Lesson #5: Medicaid Underutilized as Tool to Shape GME Policy

- Medicaid attractive because feds contribute 50-77% match depending on state income
- Medicaid GME \$ treated in same "hands-off" way as Medicare GME \$
- Teaching hospitals drive GME training decisions, even with public funds
- Medicaid GME & DSH payments hard to separate



Lesson #6: More Funding is Not the Answer

- All-payer systems appealing to increase GME funds
 - Maryland: GME funds not targeted at specialty or geographic imbalances
- Third party payers not likely to contribute if they don't see value proposition
- State funds are vulnerable and subject to legislative whim

Lesson #7: GME Governance Structures Needed but Lacking

- Individual teaching hospitals oversee GME decisions
- Result: lack of information and coordination
- Need for state (legislated?) governance board
- GME governance board needed at minimum as forum to:
 - use data to identify workforce needs
 - discuss individual institution expansion plans
 - educate legislators about role GME plays in getting return on investments in UME



Lesson #8: Some Models Exist for GME Governance Bodies

- Minimalist role could be expanded to have decision-making and funding authority
- Bring diverse (and competing!) stakeholders together
- Utah
 - CMS waiver until 2010 Utah Medical Education Council
 - Reviewed and prioritized funding based on needed specialties

Georgia

- GME start-up funds \$-to-\$ match at virgin hospitals
- GREAT reviewing applications for virgin hospital funds
- 50% new positions in high need specialties



Lesson #9: Accountability is Critical But Hard to Implement

- Virtually no accountability for Medicare GME funds*
- No states in our sample tracked accountability of public funds. Few states have data or analytic capacity
- Need to track trainees 10 years out since specialization is long process
- Teaching hospitals focus on GME expansion for service lines and will resist accountability until tied to funding
- Teaching Health Centers: good model, uncertain future



Lesson #10: Keep Your Eye on These States

Massachusetts-Special Commission on GME

 Georgia- Virgin hospital initiative and the Southwest Georgia Medical Education & Research Consortium

Montana-Graduate Medical Education Council



Addendum: What's Happening in South Carolina?

- Medicaid Audit led to review of GME
 - Assess state GME landscape via taskforce
 - Found no accountability for Medicaid GME funds
- Proposed:
 - Repurpose 15% of current Medicaid GME funds to expand training in rural areas
 - Create permanent GME Advisory Council
 - Develop data collection system to track outcomes
 - Explore new financing methods (ex. waivers, matching funds)



GME in the United States:

A Review of State Initiatives

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Access the report at

www.shepscenter.unc.edu/wp-content/uploads/2013/09/GMEstateReview_Sept2013.pdf



Questions?

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